

IN THE CLAIMS

Please amend the claims as follows:

Claim 1 (Currently Amended): A semiconductor memory device, which includes: a cell block composed of several series-connected units having a ferroelectric capacitor and a cell transistor parallel-connected to the ferroelectric capacitor; and a select transistor connected to an end of the cell block,

the semiconductor memory device comprising:

a semiconductor substrate;

a plurality of first impurity diffusion layers formed on the surface of the semiconductor substrate in a state of being mutually separated along a first direction, having a first area, and constituting a source/drain diffusion layer of the cell transistor;

a second impurity diffusion layer formed on the surface of the semiconductor substrate in a state of being separated from the first impurity diffusion layer of an end of the first impurity diffusion layers, having a second area, ~~and~~ constituting a source/drain diffusion layer of the cell select transistor, and the second area being smaller than the first area;

a plurality of first gate electrodes provided on the semiconductor substrate with a gate insulating film interposed therebetween between the first impurity diffusion layers along a second direction, and constituting a gate of the cell transistor;

a second gate electrode provided on the semiconductor substrate with a gate insulating film interposed therebetween between the first impurity diffusion layer of the end and the second impurity diffusion layer along a second direction, and constituting a gate of the select transistor; and

a contact electrically connecting a bit line and the second impurity diffusion layer.

Claim 2 (Original): The device according to claim 1, further comprising:

a plurality of ferroelectric capacitors having both terminals connected to the first impurity diffusion layers on both sides of the first gate electrode, and having a ferroelectric film, and first and second electrodes sandwiching the ferroelectric film.

Claim 3 (Withdrawn): The device according to claim 1, wherein the first impurity diffusion layers have a first length in the first direction, and the second impurity diffusion layer has a second length shorter than the first length in the first direction.

Claim 4 (Original): The device according to claim 1, wherein the first impurity diffusion layer have a third length in the second direction, the second impurity diffusion layer has a first region electrically connected to the contact, and the first region has a fourth length shorter than the third length in the second direction.

Claim 5 (Original): The device according to claim 4, wherein the second impurity diffusion layer has a second region extending along the second direction of the second gate electrode, and the second region has the third length.

Claim 6 (Original): The device according to claim 4, wherein the first region reaches the second gate electrode.

Claim 7 (Original): The device according to claim 6, wherein the first impurity diffusion layer of the end has a third region extending along the second direction of the second gate electrode, the third region has a fifth length shorter than the third length.

Claim 8 (Original): The device according to claim 7, wherein the fifth length is the same as the fourth length.

Claim 9 (Original): The device according to claim 7, further comprising:
an impurity region formed on the surface of the semiconductor substrate between the first and third regions, and controlling a threshold voltage of the select transistor.

Claim 10 (Original): The device according to claim 7, further comprising:
a control section applying a first voltage for turning on the cell transistor to the first gate electrode, and applying a second voltage larger than the first voltage for turning on the select transistor to the second gate electrode.